

Given the number of variables connected with the North Family of fittings in order to achieve the optimum results for light simulation models photometrics based on points of light and not the individual fittings are recommended.

5600

Once the angle of inclination and the length of the rods (fig.1) are decided, the projected angle of rotation (fig.2), and the elevation of each of the shades (fig.3), insert the following photometric registers into the Light Analysis programme:

Shade A = register "Shade ME"

Shade B = register "Shade ME"

Fig.1

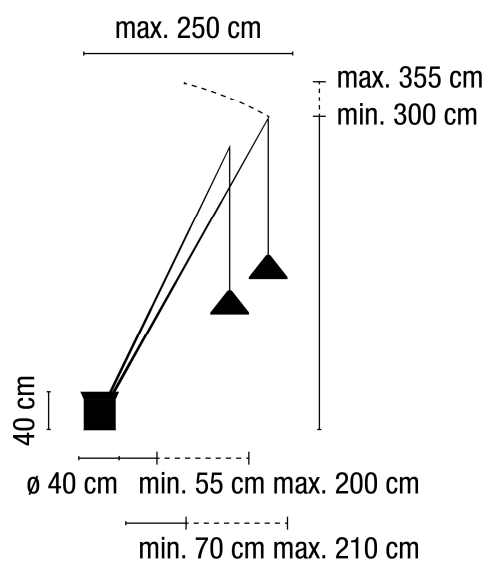


Fig.2

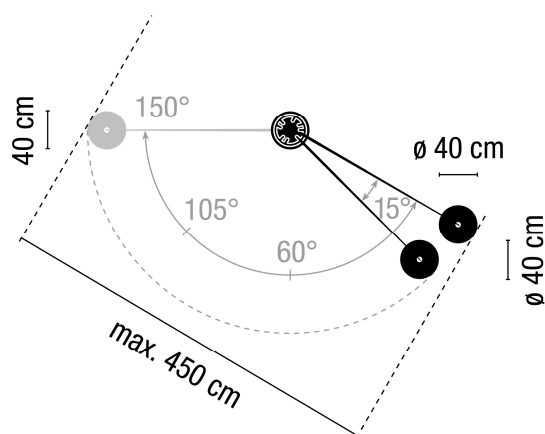
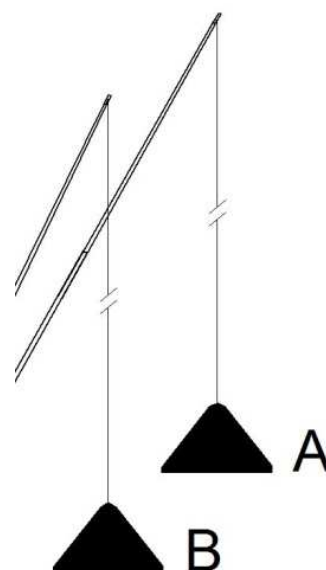


Fig.3



5605

Once the angle of inclination and the length for each of the rods (fig.1) are decided, the projected angle of rotation (fig.2), and the elevation of each of the shades (fig.3), insert the following photometric registers into the Light Analysis programme:

Shade A = register "Shade GR"

Shade B = register "Shade PE"

Fig.1

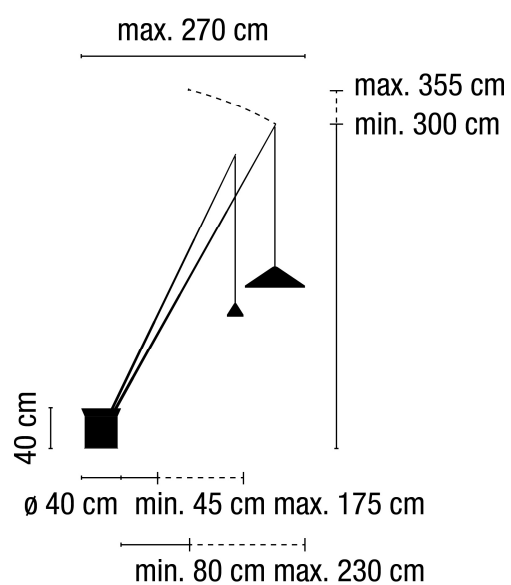


Fig.2

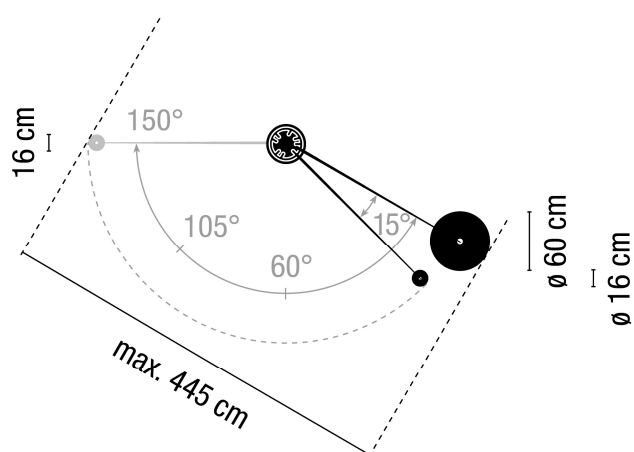
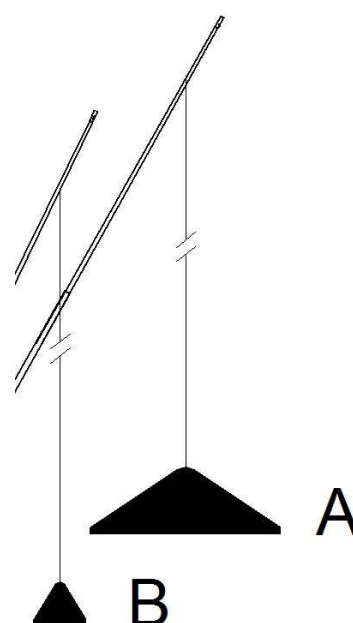


Fig.3



5620

Once the angle of inclination and the length for each of the rods (fig.1) are decided, the projected angle of rotation (fig.2), and the elevation of each of the shades (fig.3), insert the following photometric registers into the Light Analysis programme:

Shade A = register "Shade GR"

Shade B = register "Shade PE"

Shade C = register "Shade PE"

Fig.1

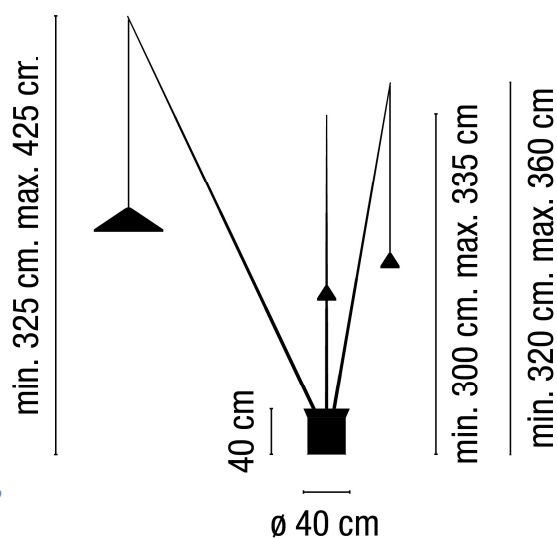


Fig.3

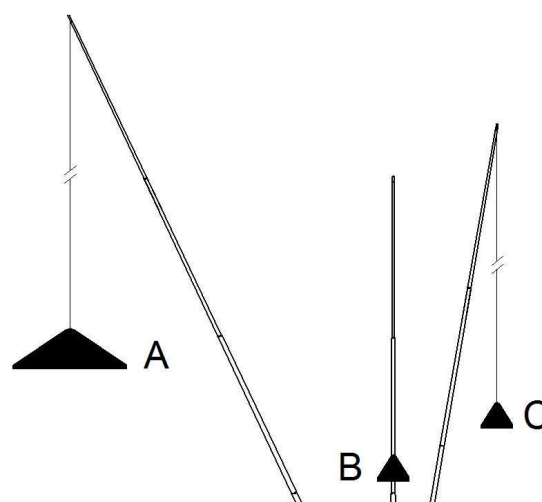
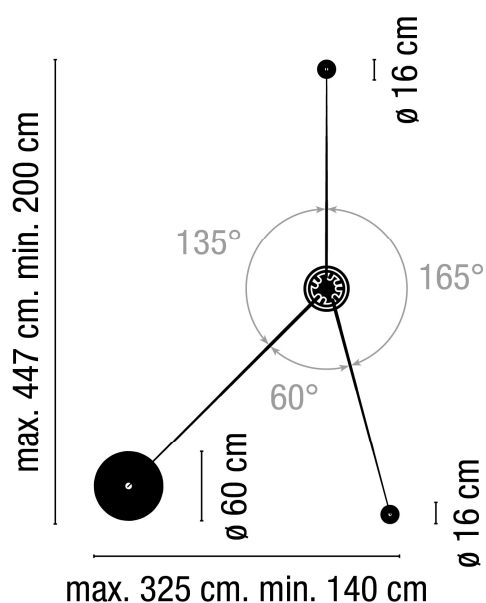


Fig.2



Once the angle and length of each of the rods is decided (fig.1), the projected angle of rotation (fig.2), and the elevation of each of the Shades (fig.3), insert the following photometric registers into the Light Analysis programme:

Shade A = register "Shade GR"

Shade C = register "Shade PE"

Shade B = register "Shade PE"

Shade D = register "Shade PE"

Fig.1

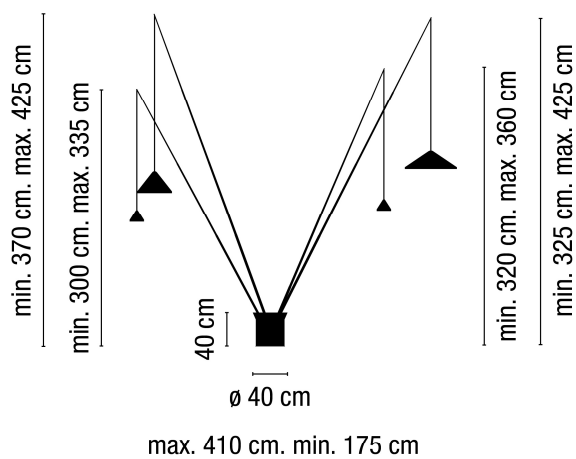


Fig.2

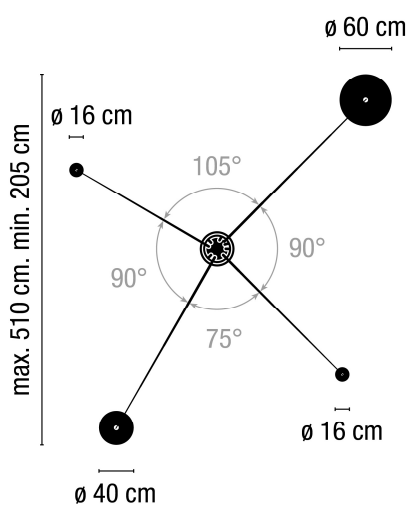
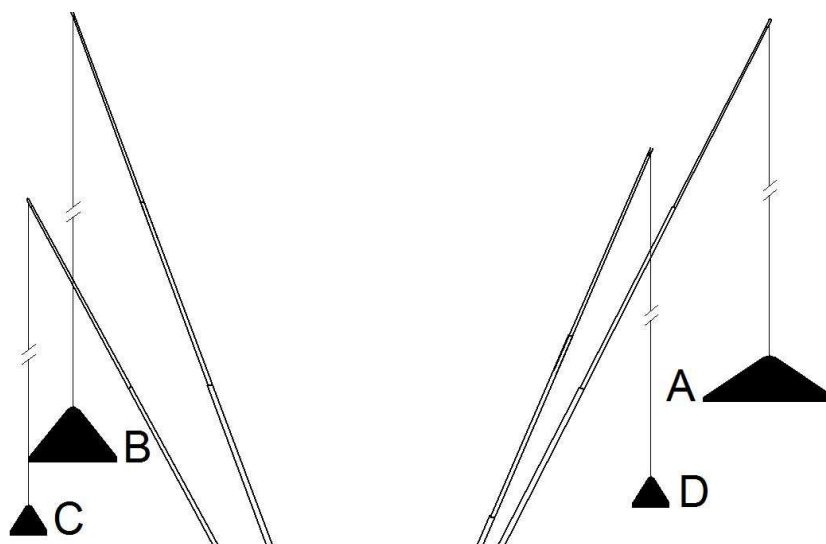
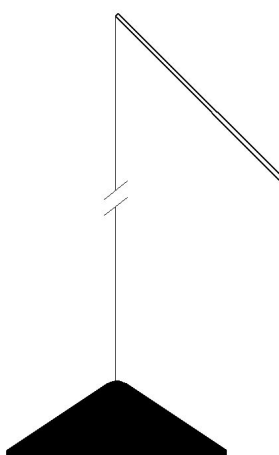


Fig.3





5635

Once the rod's projected angle of rotation (fig.2) is decided, and the elevation of each of the Shades (fig.3), insert the following photometric registers into the Light Analysis programme:

Shade A = register "Shade ME"

Shade B = register "Shade PE"

Fig.1

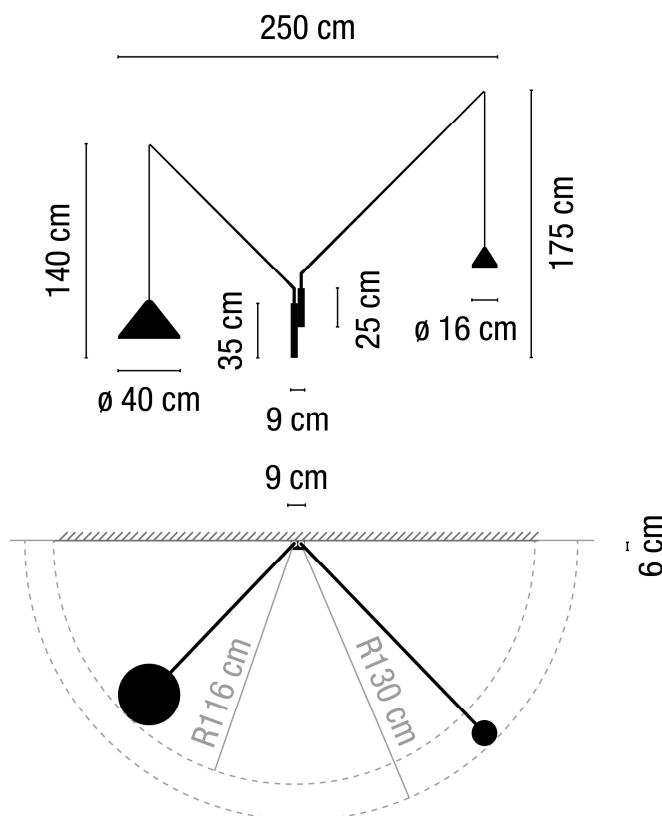


Fig.2



5640

Once the positions of the anchors **"X and Y"** (fig.1) are decided, and the elevation height of the Shade (fig.2), insert the photometric register **"Shade PE"** into the Light Analysis programme.

Fig.1

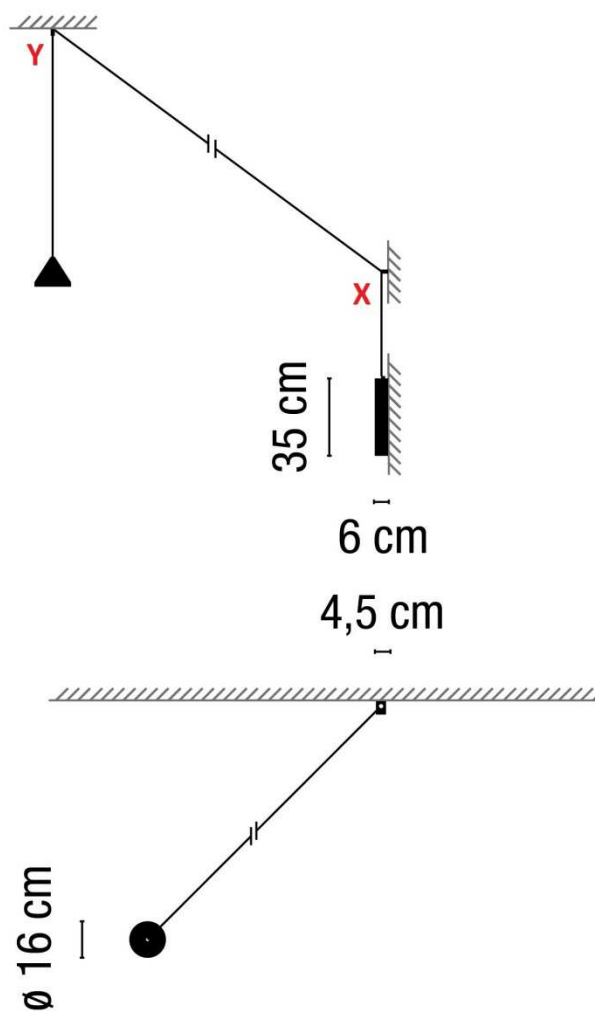
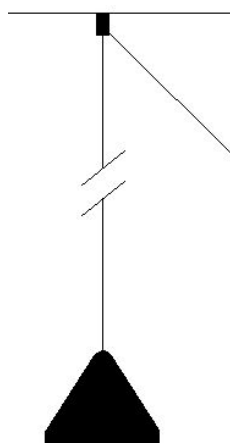
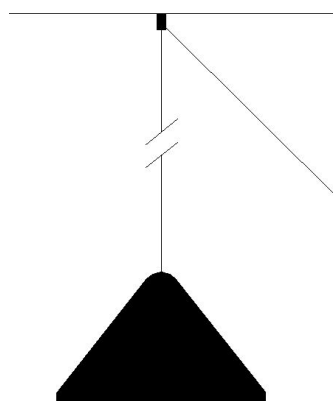


Fig.2





5644

Once the positions of the anchors **"X and Y"** (fig.1) are decided, and the elevation height of the Shade (fig.2), insert the photometric register **"Shade GR"** into the Light Analysis programme.

Fig.1

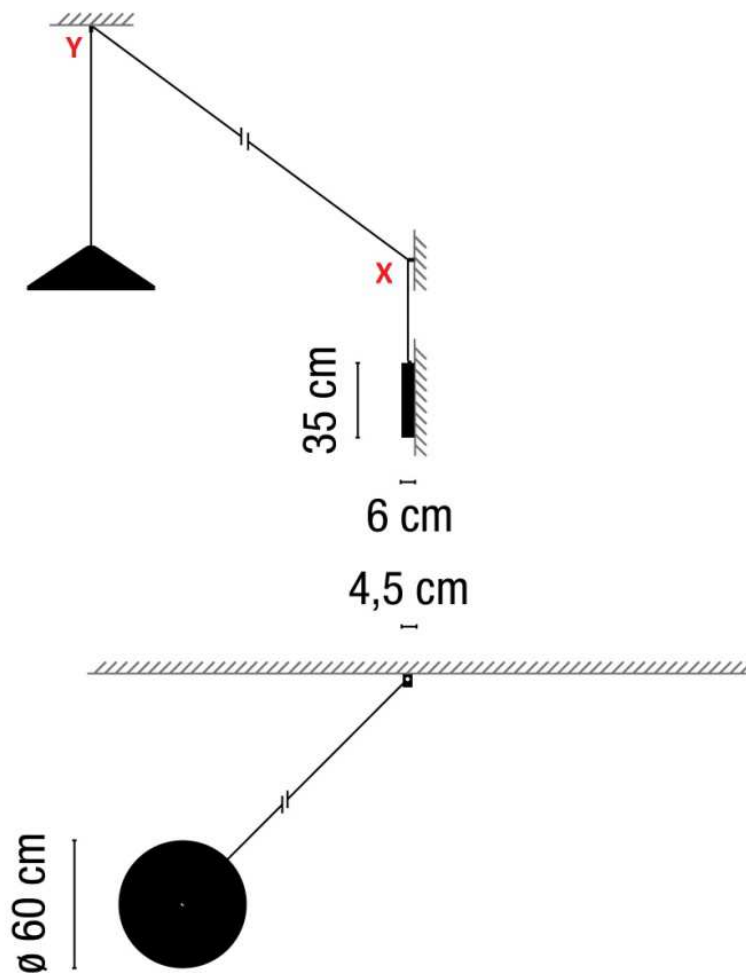
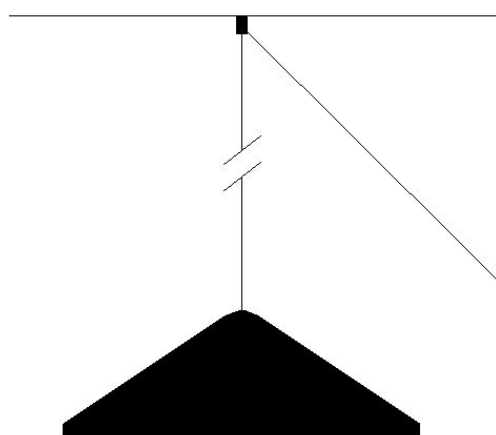


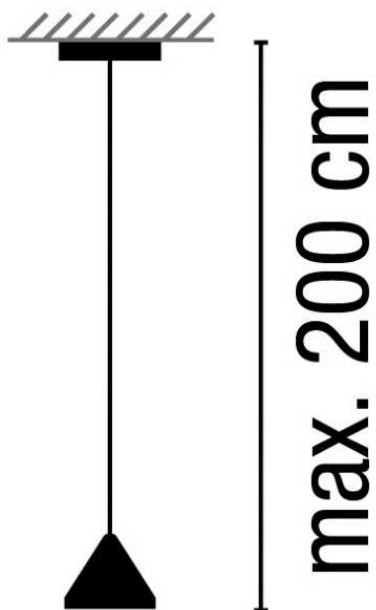
Fig.2



5660

Once the elevation height of the Shade (fig.1) is decided, insert the photometric register “Shade PE” into the Light Analysis programme.

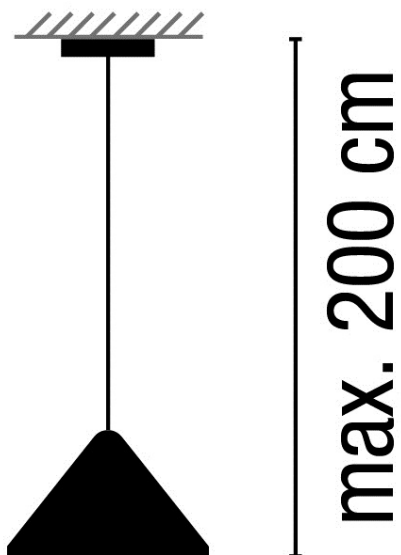
Fig.1



5662

Once the elevation height of the Shade (fig.1) is decided, insert the photometric register “Shade ME” into the Light Analysis programme.

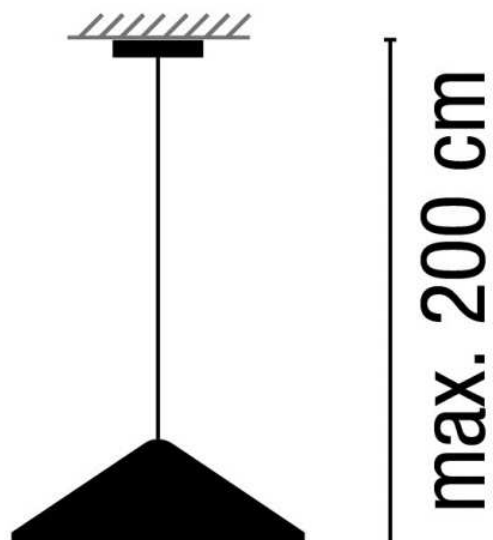
Fig.1



5664

Once the elevation height of the Shade (fig.1) is decided, insert the photometric register “Shade GR” into the Light Analysis programme.

Fig.1



5670

Once the elevation height of the Shade (fig.2) is decided, insert the photometric register "Shade PE" into the Light Analysis programme.

Fig.1

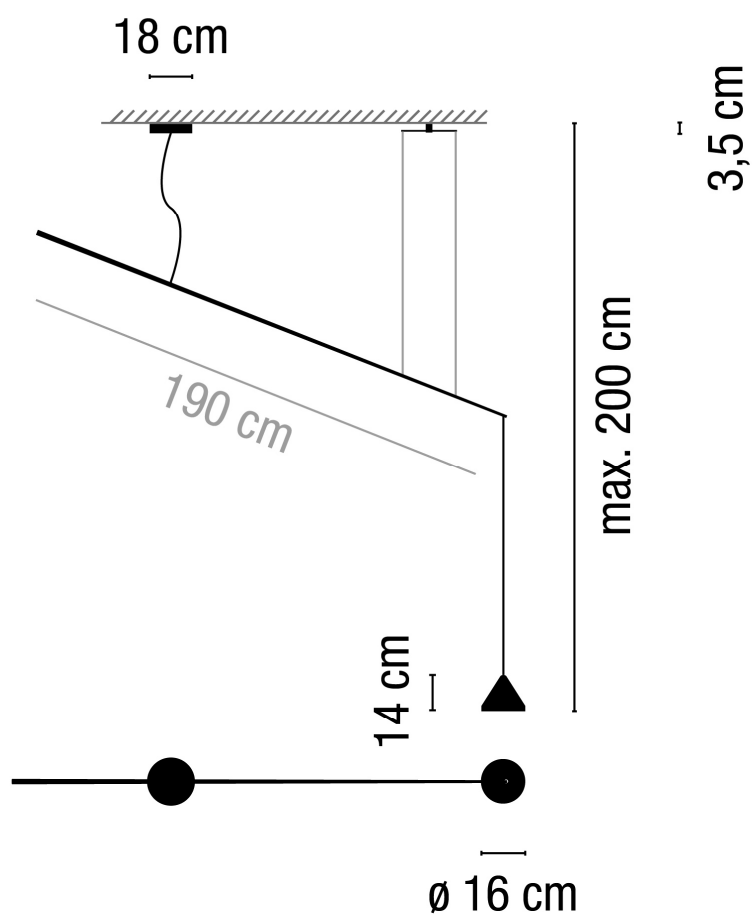
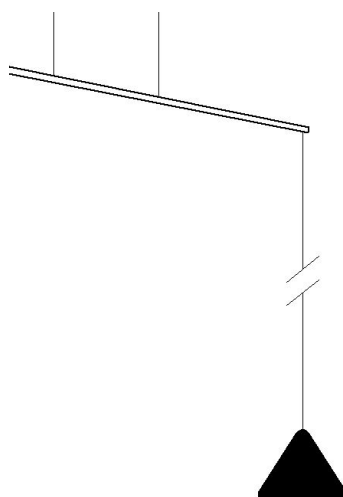


Fig.2



5672

Once the elevation height of the Shade (fig.2) is decided, insert the photometric register “Shade ME” into the Light Analysis programme.

Fig.1

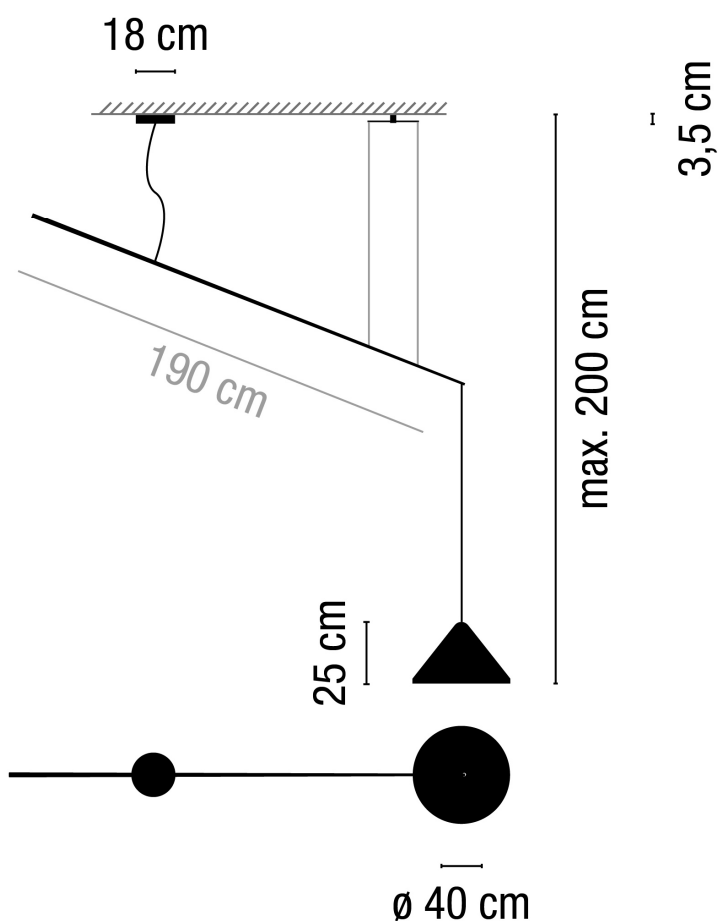
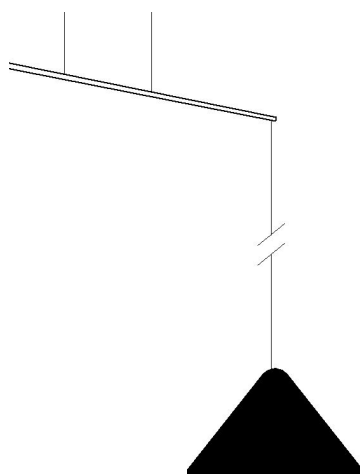


Fig.2



5674

Once the elevation height of the Shade (fig.2) is decided, insert the photometric register “Shade GR” into the Light Analysis programme.

Fig.1

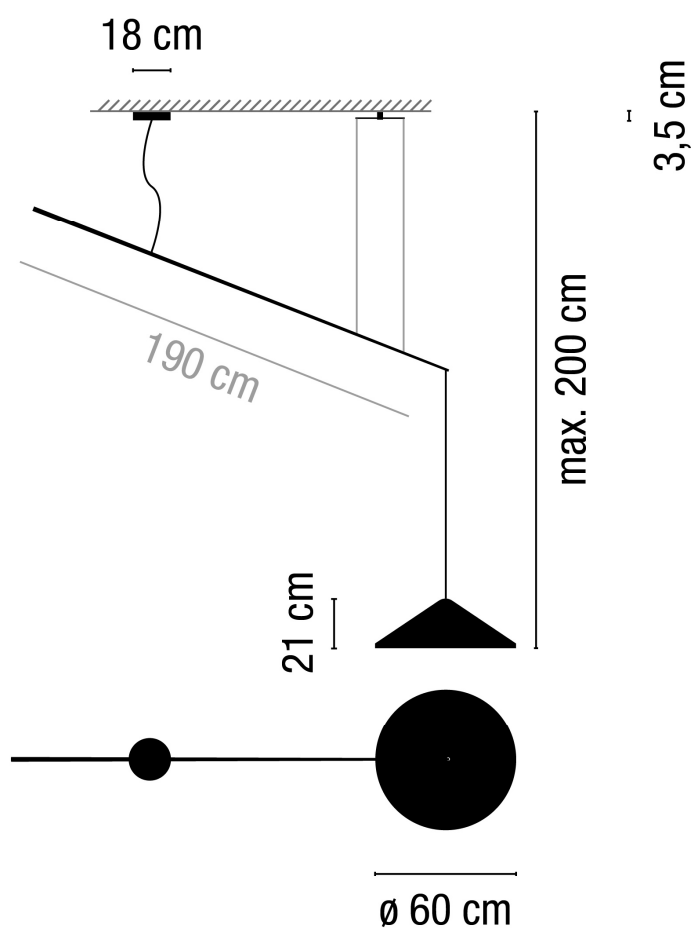


Fig.2

